- 1 -සියලුම නිමිකම් අවේරණි] All Rights Reserved (C) 14 (RECALL ALL MEMORY) අධායන පොදු සහතික පනු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය , 2023 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர(உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2023 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2023 2023 භෞතික විදහුව Ι Ι **THEORY** பௌதிகவியல் **Physics Multiple Choice Questions** One of the following units measures a physical quantity that is different from the physical quantity measured 1. by the others. This unit is (2) $J s^{-1}$. (3) W s. (4) kW hours. (1) eV. (5) MeV. 2. The dimensions of power are (1) ML2T3. (2) ML^2T^{-2} . (3) MLT^{-3} . (4) ML^2T^{-3} . (5) $ML^{-2}T^{-3}$. Displacement (S) of a particle measured along the x-axis with 3. time (1) is shown in the figure. The magnitude of the velocity of the particle is largest when it travels from (1) A to B. (2) B to C. (3) C to D. (4) D to E. (5) E to F. 4. In the equation $v^i = ka^j s$, v represents the velocity, a represents the acceleration and s represents the displacement. k is a constant and i and j are integers. What should be the values of i and j in order to make the equation dimensionally correct? (4) 2, 2 (5) 2, 3 (3) 2, 1 (1) 1, 1 (2) 1, 2 5. Dimensions of kilowatt-hour is (2) $[M][L][T]^{-1}$ (3) $[M][L]^{2}[T]^{-3}$ (4) [T] (5) $[T]^{-1}$ (1) $[M][L]^2[T]^{-2}$ 6. In which of velocity (v)-time (t) graphs shown below would the average velocity over the entire period between t, and t, be equal to the average of the two velocities at the ends A and B of the interval? 1,37,2 1 1,12,244 1

(3)

(1)

(2)

(5)

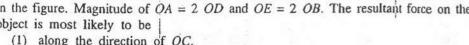
The distances travelled by an object falling freely from rest during first, second and third seconds are in the

- (1) 1:2:3.
- (2) 1:4:9.
 - (3) 1:2:9.
- (4) 1:1:1.
- (5) 1:3:5.

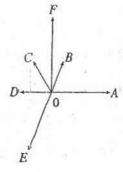
A ball B is projected horizontally with speed v and a ball A is dropped vertically from rest at the same instant as shown in the figure. Which of the following statements is true? (Neglect air resistance)

- (1) A reaches the ground first with a higher speed than B.
- (2) B reaches the ground first with a higher speed than A.
- (3) A reaches the ground first with a lower speed than B.
- (4) Both A and B reach the ground at the same instant with the same speed.
- Both A and B reach the ground at the same instant but B with higher speed than A.

A system of coplanar forces OA, OB, OC, OD, OE and OF acts on an object as shown in the figure. Magnitude of OA = 2 OD and OE = 2 OB. The resultant force on the object is most likely to be



- (1) along the direction of OC.
- (2) along the direction of OE.
- (3) along the direction of OF.
- (4) along the direction of OA.
- (5) zero.

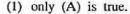


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10. Figure shows displacement (s) versus time (t) curve for a motion of a particle. Consider the following statements made about its motion.

- (A) During the time period $t_0 t_1$ the particle moves at a constant acceleration and during $t_2 - t_3$, it moves at a constant velocity.
- (B) Particle comes to rest at time t₄.
- (C) During the time period $t_0 t_d$, the total distance travelled by the particle is equal to the area under the s-t curve.

Of the above statements,



- (2) only (A) and (B) are true.
- (3) only (B) and (C) are true.
- (4) all (A), (B) and (C) are true.

