



RAM



(RECALL ALL MEMORY)

06

2023
THEORY

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය , 2023 අගෝස්තු
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர(உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2023 ஓகஸ்ட்
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2023

භෞතික විද්‍යාව
பௌதிகவியல்
Physics

I
I
I

Advanced Level Physics
Amith Pussella

PHT5816 2023Th 2020-07-10

Multiple Choice Questions

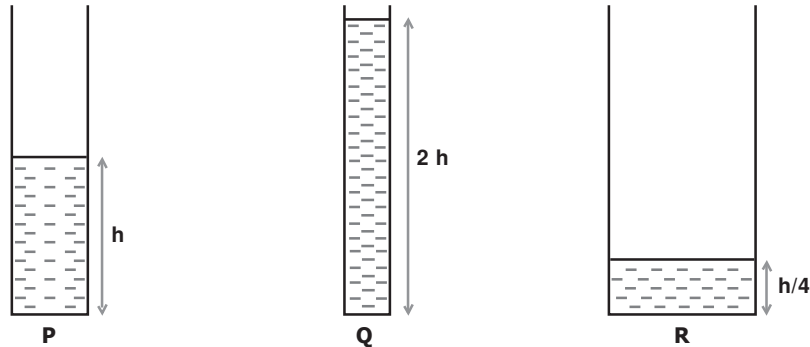
1. Which one of the following combinations of quantities does not give a result with dimensions equal to that of velocity?
(a = Acceleration , S = Displacement , P = Pressure , ρ = Density , t = Time , T = Tension force , m = Mass, l = Length , F = Force)

(1) $\sqrt{2} as$ (2) $\sqrt{\frac{P}{\rho}}$ (3) $\frac{S}{t}$ (4) $\sqrt{\frac{T \times l}{m}}$ (5) $\frac{F}{m}$

2. In the expression $V = \frac{a^2 (A - B) g}{N}$, If a-radius , V - velocity , g - gravitational acceleration & N is a quantity with dimensions $[ML^{-1} T^{-1}]$, the dimensions of A equals to,

(1) LT^{-2} (2) ML^{-3} (3) MLT^{-2} (4) ML^{-1} (5) L

3. When a same volume of water is inserted into 3 vessels A , B and C the occurrence of water columns was as shown below.



- (A) The cross sectional diameter of P is twice of that of Q.
(B) The cross sectional diameter of R is twice of that of P.
(C) When inserting half of the water volume of Q into R, the total level of water in the vessel becomes $\frac{3}{8} h$.
True of the above,

(1) Only (A) (2) Only (B) (3) Only (A) and (C) (4) Only (B) and (C) (5) Only (C)

4. In the expression $F = kApV^x$, F - Force, A - Cross sectional Area , ρ - density , V - velocity and k is a dimensionless quantity. Then the value of x would be,

(1) 0 (2) 1 (3) 2 (4) - 1 (5) - 2

5. Which of the following quantities is/are dimensionless?

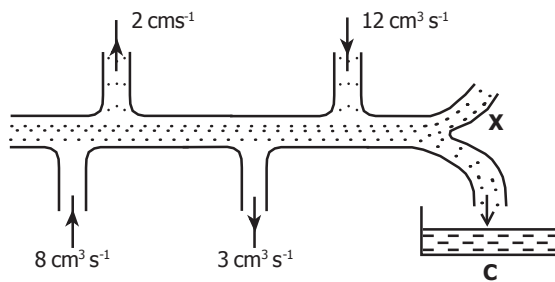
- (A) Relative velocity
- (B) Relative density
- (C) Relative humidity

- (1) A only.
- (2) A and B only.
- (3) B and C only.
- (4) A and C only.
- (5) All A, B and C.

6. Which of the following does not represent a fundamental unit in the SI system?

- (1) m
- (2) N
- (3) kg
- (4) s
- (5) K

7. The rates of water entering and leaving exiting a pipe system from various places are represented in the figure ,in $\text{cm}^3 \text{s}^{-1}$. If water falls to the container C with a rate of $10 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ then, from the tube X,



- (1) water enters with a rate of $5 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- (2) water leaves exits with a rate of $5 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- (3) water enters with a rate of $4 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- (4) water leaves exits with a rate of $4 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- (5) neither water enters nor exits.

8. In the expression $F - mg = ma$, F and g are constant quantities. When gradually decreasing the magnitude of m , the value a ,

- (1) will decrease
- (2) will increase
- (3) will not change
- (4) will increase up to a certain value and then become constant.
- (5) will decrease up to a certain value and then become constant.

9. In the expression $\omega = k \cdot f$,f is frequency and k is a dimensionless constant. Units of ω would be,

- (1) s
- (2) rads
- (3) rads^{-2}
- (4) rad
- (5) s^{-1}

10. The area of the circular plate A of diameter D is 10 cm^2 . The area of the plate B with the given measurements equals to,

- (1) 20 cm^2
- (2) 40 cm^2
- (3) 80 cm^2
- (4) 30 cm^2
- (5) 50 cm^2

